## Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

- 1. Canceled
- 2. Canceled
- 3. Canceled
- 4. (Currently amended) A device in accordance with claim  $\underline{8}$  1-or 2, in which said wiring is formed by using conductive paste.
- 5. (Currently amended) A device in accordance with either of claim  $\underline{8}$  1, 2 or 4, in which said wiring is formed by way of transfer printing.
- 6. (Currently amended) A device in accordance with claim  $\underline{8}$  1-or 2, in which said wiring is formed on the bottom surface of the substrate.
- 7. (Currently amended) A device in accordance with claim <u>8</u> <del>1 or 2</del>, in which said connecting device is made of conductive material having a step corresponding to a profile of said acoustic wave transducer.
- 8. (Currently amended) An acoustic contact detecting A device comprising in accordance with claim 1 or 2, in which
  - (a) a substrate having a top surface and a bottom surface;
- (b) an acoustic wave transducer for coupling with a first wave representative of a bulk wave being propagated between the top surface and the bottom surface through said substrate along an axis crossing said top surface, said acoustic wave transducer comprising comprises a piezoelectric substrate and a piezoelectric vibrator having electrode sections disposed on both surfaces of said piezo electric substrate, and;
- (c) a planar wiring for supplying said acoustic wave transducer with electric power, said planar wiring comprising comprises a first wiring section capable of contacting with one of said electrode sections of said piezoelectric vibrator by way of line or face contact and a second wiring section spaced and insulated from said first wiring section, wherein;

- (d) a connecting device for connecting said acoustic wave transducer with the planar wiring, said connecting device being is formed in a form capable of connecting the other electrode section of said piezoelectric vibrator with said second wiring section;
- (e) a diffractive acoustic wave mode coupler having a mode of converted wave having high energy on said top surface and functioning for coupling a second wave being propagated along an axis parallel to said top surface with said first wave; and
  - (f) a means for detecting a perturbation in the energy of said second wave.
- 9. Canceled
- 10. Canceled
- 11. Canceled
- 13. Canceled
- 14. Canceled
- 15. (New) A device in accordance with claim 4, in which said wiring is formed by way of transfer printing.
- 16. (New) A coordinate input device of touch-type comprising:

a propagation medium having a top surface and a bottom surface, said top surface being capable of propagating an acoustic wave;

a bulk wave generation means for propagating a bulk wave in a crossing direction with respect to said top surface of said propagation medium, said bulk wave generation means comprising an acoustic wave transducer comprising a piezoelectric substrate and a piezoelectric vibrator having electrode sections disposed on both surfaces of said piezoelectric substrate;

a planar wiring for supplying this bulk wave generation means with electric power, said planar wiring comprising a first wiring section capable of contacting with one of said electrode sections of said piezoelectric vibrator by way of line or face contact and a second wiring section spaced and insulated from said first wiring section;

a connecting device for providing an electrical connection between said bulk wave generation means and said planar wiring, said connecting device being formed in a form capable of connecting the other electrode section of said piezoelectric vibrator with said second wiring section;

an acoustic wave generation means for converting said bulk wave into an acoustic wave and propagating said acoustic wave on the top surface of said propagation medium; and

a detecting means for detecting a scatter in the surface of the acoustic wave from said acoustic wave generation means.

- 17. (New) A device in accordance with claim 16, in which said wiring is formed by using conductive paste.
- 18. (New) A device in accordance with claim 16, in which said wiring is formed by way of transfer printing.
- 19. (New) A device in accordance with claim 16, in which said wiring is formed on the bottom surface of the substrate.
- 20. (New) A device in accordance with claim 16, in which said connecting device is made of conductive material having a step corresponding to a profile of said acoustic wave transducer.